

**Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University,  
Nanded**

**Bachelor of Arts  
Faculty of Social Sciences**

**LOGIC**

**Syllabus of B.A. Third Year  
(Yearly Pattern)**

**With Effect from June 2010**

# LOGIC & METHODOLOGY OF SCIENCE

## Syllabus

**B.A. Third Year**

*With effect from June 2010*

Sr.No.	Paper No.	Title of the Paper	External Marks	Internal Marks
01	V	Advanced Modern Logic	80	20
02	VI	Methodology of Nature and Social Sciences	80	20
03	VII	Indian Logic	80	20

Note: 80 Marks for external assessment and 20 marks for internal assessment.

**B.A. Third Year**

**LOGIC**

**Syllabus**

**With Effect from June 2010**

**Paper IV – Methodology of Nature and Social Sciences**

80 Marks

**1) Conception of Science as a rational enquiry**

- a) Nature of empirical science
- b) Characteristics of empirical science: Testable, Objective, systematic and Quantifiable.
- c) Classification of Sciences.
  - i) Natural and social sciences
  - ii) Descriptive and normative
  - iii) Empirical and formal
  - iv) Pure and applied.
- d) Goals of empirical science: Explanation, Prediction and control.

**2) Scientific Method**

- a) Meaning and Definition of scientific method.
- b) Characteristics of scientific method: Objectivity, Reliability, Validity, Verifiability, Definiteness Generality and Predictability.
- c) Application of Scientific method in natural and social sciences.
- d) Stages of scientific research: Formulation of Problem, formation of Hypothesis, Research design, Collection of data, classification and analysis of data, Generalisation and report.

**3) Laws and Explanation**

- a) Various uses of the expression 'Law'
- b) Nature and classification of laws of nature.
- c) Types of secondary laws.

- d) Nature and types of explanation.
- e) Distinction between popular and scientific explanation.
- f) Goal of science: Explanation or description.

**4) Introductory Issues in Social Sciences**

- a) Nature and subject matter of social sciences.
- b) Distinction between natural and social sciences.
- c) Logical structure of social science.
- d) Objectives: Understanding and explanation, Laws and theories.
- e) Basic concepts and approaches: Event and action, Human action and social action.

**5) Methods of data Collection in Social Science Research**

- a) Observation: Participant and non participant
- b) Questionnaire schedule
- c) Interview method

**6) Method of Sampling Technique**

- a) Meaning and definition of sampling.
- b) Characteristics of Sampling technique.
- c) Merits and demerits of sampling procedure.
- d) Various types of sampling.
- e) Use of sampling procedure in social research.
- f) Problems in sampling technique.

**7) Method of Social Survey**

- a) Meaning and nature of social survey.
- b) Characteristics of social survey
- c) Types of social survey
- d) Merits and demerits of social survey

**8) Some issues in social sciences**

- a) Nature of laws in social science
- b) Problems of objectivity in social science.

- c) Values and value commitment in social science
- d) Unit of method thesis.
- e) Importance of computer in social research.

## **BOOKS FOR READING AND REFERENCE**

### **English**

1. Introduction to Logic: I.M. Copi and Cotten.
2. Modern introduction to Logic: L.S. Stebbing.
3. Text book of Logic: A.Wolf.
4. Introduction to Logic and Scientific Method: Cotton and Nagel.
5. The structure of science: Ernst Nagel.
6. Philosophy of Science: Carl Hempel.
7. Introduction to Philosophy of science: R. Carnap.
8. Structure of social Science: M. Lessnoff.
9. Philosophy of Social Science : Richard Rudner.
10. Methodology of Social Research: Goode and Hat.
11. Methodology and techniques of social research: DrWilkinson and Dr. Bhandarkar.
12. Philosophy of Nature Science: C. Hempel.
13. Survey Research in Social Science: Mac Closky.
14. Fundamentals of Statistics: Elhance D.N.

### **मराठी**

१५. सुगम तर्कशास्त्र आणि वैज्ञानिक पध्दती : प्रा. हुस्याळकर, प्रा. काळे, प्रा.कावळे.

१६. तर्कशास्त्राची मूलतत्त्वे : प्रा. दे.द.वाडेकर व प्रा.ल.ब. हुस्याळकर.
१७. तर्कशास्त्र भाग २ : प्रा.श्रीनिवास दीक्षित.
१८. तर्कशास्त्र आणि वैज्ञानिक पध्दती : प्रा.भा.ग.केतकर.
१९. मराठी तत्वज्ञान महाकोश : संपादक प्रा. दे.द.वाडेकर (खंड १, २ व ३).
२०. सामाजिक संशोधन पध्दती : प्रा. प.ल.भांडारकर.
२१. सामाजिक पाहणी : तत्त्व व पध्दती — सुमित्रा भावे.
२२. सामाजिकशास्त्रे — तोंड ओळख : डॉ.नागोराव कुंभार.
२३. तत्वज्ञानाचे तत्त्वज्ञान : परामर्श प्रकाशन, पुणे विद्यापीठ.  
भाग १ खंड ८ ऑगष्ट १९८६  
भाग २ खंड ९ मे १९८७
२४. संपूर्ण तर्कशास्त्र : प्रा.ना.सी.फडके.
२५. संशोधन पध्दतीशास्त्र व तंत्रे : डॉ.प्रदीप आगलावे.
२६. समाजशास्त्रीय संशोधन तत्त्वे आणि पध्दती : प्रा. रा.ना.घोटाळे.
२७. वैज्ञानिक संशोधन पध्दती : डॉ.सुधा काळदाते.

## हिंदी

२८. रिसर्च मेथडॉलॉजी : डॉ.शर्मा.
२९. सामाजिक सर्वेक्षण : डॉ. वाजपेयी.
३०. सामाजिक अनुसंधान : डॉ.मुखर्जी.

**B.A. Third Year**  
**LOGIC**  
**Syllabus**  
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**Paper V – Advanced Modern Logic**

80 Marks

**1) Introductory Predicate Logic**

- a) Need for the study of predicate structure of propositions.
- b) Singular and general propositions: Nature, structure and symbolization.
- c) Exercises on symbolizing general propositions.
- d) Notion of propositional function.
- e) Quantifiers: Nature, types and functions.
- f) Rules of quantification in predicate logic: UI, UG, EI and EG (Preliminary Version only)

**2) Proving Validity of arguments involving quantifiers**

- a) Nature and technique of proving validity of arguments involving quantifiers, using preliminary quantification rules.
- b) Exercises in proving validity by direct, conditional and indirect proof.

**3) Proving invalidity of Arguments Involving Quantifiers**

- a) The basis of demonstration of invalidity of arguments.
- b) Method of demonstrating invalidity of arguments (Through assumptions of increasing universe of discourse)
- c) Exercises on demonstrating the invalidity of invalid arguments in predicate logic.

**4) Advanced predicate logic**

- a) Singly and multiply general propositions: Nature and symbolization.

- b) Exercises on symbolizing multiply general propositions.
- c) Free and Bound variable
- d) Revised rules of UI, UG, EI and EG.
- e) Exercises on proving validity of arguments involving multiply general propositions.
- f) Rule of quantifier negation.

**5) Proving Logical Truths Involving Quantifiers**

- a) Examples on proving logical truths involving quantifiers.

**6) Relational Logic**

- a) Relational logic as an extension of predicate logic.
- b) Nature, logical structure and kinds of relational proposition.
- c) Exercises on symbolizing relational propositions.
- d) Properties of dyadic relations.
- e) Proving validity of arguments involving relational propositions by direct and conditional proof.
- f) Enthymeme: Nature, proving validity of relational enthymic argument.

**7) Identity and Definite Propositions**

- a) Identity as relation.
- b) Leibniz's principle of identity.
- c) Symbolizing identical propositions.
- d) Proving validity of arguments involving identical propositions.
- e) Exercises on proving validity of arguments involving identical propositions.
- f) Definite description: Nature and symbolization.

**8) Elementary Set theory**

- a) Definitions: Set, Element of set, Sub set, proper Sub set, Null set, Universal set and identity of sets.
- b) Modes of specifying a set: Listing and defining



- c) Basic operations on sets: Union, intersection and complementry.
- d) Demorgan's laws in terms of set theory.
- e) Interpreting A, E, I and O forms of propositions in terms of set theory.

## **BOOKS FOR READING AND REFERENCE**

### **English**

1. Symbolic Logic: I.M. Copi.
2. Introduction to Logic: I.M. Copi and Cohen.
3. Elements of Formal Logic: Hughes and Londey.
4. Elements of Logic : Stephen Barker.
5. Introduction to symbolic Logic: Basson A.H. and O'connor D.S.
6. Methods of Logic: Quine W.V.O.
7. Amodern Introduction to Logic: L.S. Stebbing.
8. Formal Logic: Its Scope and Limits: Richard Jeffery.
9. Introduction to Logic: Patric Suppes (Relevant Chapters Only)
10. Logic by of set theory : Ehler's Henry.

### **मराठी**

११. तकरिखा भाग २ — डॉ.सुरेंद्र बारलिंगे व डॉ. मो.प्र.मराठे.
१२. आकारिक तर्कशास्त्र — प्रा. मे.पू.रेगे.
१३. सुगक आकारिक तर्कशास्त्र — डॉ. एस.आर.कावळे व डॉ. एल.डी.गोळे.
१४. तर्कविद्या भाग २ — डॉ. बी.आर.जोशी, प्रा. एस.व्हि.कुलकर्णी व प्रा. इ.आर. मठवाले.

१५. सांकेतिक तर्कशास्त्र : प्रा. दि.य.देशपांडे, प्रा. सुनिती नी.देव.
१६. तर्कदीपिका — प्रा. वि.वि.अकोलकर.
१७. सामाजिक शास्त्रातील संज्ञासिद्धांचा स्पष्टीकरणात्मक कोश :  
तत्त्वज्ञान व तर्कशास्त्र : संपादक — डॉ. बी.आर. जोशी,  
सहलेखक प्रा. एस.वि. कुलकर्णी.
१८. सुगम तर्कविचार : प्रा. माधवी की, प्रा. इ.आर. मठवाले.
१९. तर्कशास्त्र : प्रा. बी.के. सांवगीकर.
२०. संच विज्ञान : प्रा. म.रा. राईलकर.

## हिंदी

२१. तर्कशास्त्र का परिचय : अनुवादक : प्रा. संगमलाल पांडे व प्रा.  
गोरखनाथ मिश्र.
२२. प्रतिकात्मक तर्कशास्त्र प्रवेशिका : प्रा. अशोककुमार वर्मा.

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**Paper VII – Indian Logic**

80 Marks

- 1) a Historical Introduction to Indian Logic**
- 2) Pramanas**  
Perception including Pratyasatti, Inference, Upmana, Sabda, Arthapatti and Anuplabdhi.
- 3) Categories (Padarthas)**  
Nature and proof of categories.
- 4) A Detailed Study of Anumana**
  - a) Paramarsha, Vyapti, Vyaptigraha, Vyaptigraho, Payas, Nayaya Avayavas, Anumiti, Drashtanta.
  - b) heory of inference: Purvavat and Sheshvat Anuman, Three laws of implications as the basis of inference, fallacies, Indian and Greek syllogism.
- 5) A Study of Language and Symbols**
  - a) Formalized language and metalanguage.
  - b) Knowledge and Language.
  - c) Language: The formal factors: Akanksha, Yogyata, Sannidhi, Tatparya, Saktigraha and Lakshna.
  - d) The use of symbols in panini's methodology of grammer.
- 6) Theory of Classes: Theory of Samanya or Jati.**
- 7) Judgements, Propositions and Functions**
  - a) Metaphysical basis.
  - b) Varieties of Functions in Nyaya Logic.

- c) Tanishta\_Tadvat\_Tadvachinna\_Anuyogi and Pratiyogi.
- d) Sabdabodha
- e) Propositions and descriptions.
- f) Types of Propositions.
- g) A note on Nirupya and Nirupakabhava
- h) Theory of relations.

**8) Truth functions, definition and Upadhi**

- a) Logical connectives: Negation (Not), Conjunction (and), Disjunction (or) , Implication (if-then), Equivalence (Biconditional)
- b) Definition (c) Upadhi.

**9) Theory of negation and meaning in Indian Logic; (including Buddhist)**

- a) The nature of Nonegistence
- b) A note on Virah Pratiyogi

**10) Inductive Elements in Indian Logic**

- a) Knowledge: Empirical and Probable
- b) The problem of Vyaptigraphopaya, Bhuyo Darshana, Sahacargraha – Semister – Vyabhicaragraha – Tarka – Doubt about knowledge expressed by carvakas – The Nyaya solution.
- c) The faculty of knowing Universals.
- d) Jnana Laksana – Pratyasatti, Analogical Knowledge.
- e) Upamana
- f) Elements in causal process – Arambhavada – cause – Different causes.

**BOOKS FOR READING AND REFERENCE**

**English**

1. Navayanyaya system of Logic : Guha D.C.

2. Materials for the study of Navyanyaya: Ingalls D.H.H.
3. Buddhist Logic (Two volumes) (Relevant Parts Only): St Cherbatsky.
4. Elements of Indian Logic: Bhattacharya C.
5. A Modern Introduction Indian Logic: Dr.Barlitzgay S.S.
6. Nyaya Siddhanta Muktavali: Vishavanath.

### मराठी

७. भारतीय तर्कशास्त्राची रुपरेषा : डॉ.सुरेंद्र बारलिंगे व डॉ. क्रांती प्रभा पांडे.
८. भारतीय तत्त्वज्ञान (संबंधित भाग) : प्रा.श्रीनिवास दीक्षित.
९. भारतीय तत्त्वज्ञानाचा इतिहास (संबंधित भाग): प्रा. पां.दा. चौधरी.
१०. भारतीय दर्शन संग्रह : प्रा. द.वा.जोग.
११. मराठी तत्त्वज्ञान महाकोश खंड १, २ व ३: संपादक प्रा. दे.द. वाडेकर
१२. सामाजिक शास्त्रातील संवा सिध्दांचा स्पष्टीकरणात्मक कोश : तत्त्वज्ञान व तर्कशास्त्र : संपादक डॉ.बी.आर. जोशी, सहलेखक प्रा.एस.व्हि.कुलकर्णी.

### हिंदी

१४. नव्य न्याय के पारिभाषिक पदार्थ : डॉ. नलीराम शुक्ल.
१५. जैन धर्म दर्शन : डॉ.मोहनलाल मेहता.
१६. जैन वस्तुस्वातंत्र्यवाद : अल्पना जैन.

१७. समेकित दर्शनिका विमर्श : प्रधान संपादक : सुरेन्द्रसिंह नेगी,  
संपादक : अंविकादत्त शर्मा.
१८. भारतीय दर्शन : चंद्रधर शर्मा.
१९. भारतीय दर्शन की रूपरेखा : हरेन्द्रप्रसाद सिन्हा.
२०. भारतीय दर्शन : जदूनाथ सिन्हा.