

**Swami Ramanand Teerth Marathwada University, Nanded****Syllabus M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Revised)**

Choice Base Credit System (CBCS) Pattern- (June – 2014 pattern) (W. e. f. 2015-16)

**M. Sc. Bioinformatics Second Year (Third Semester)**

Paper No.	Paper Title	External (ESE)	Internal (CA)	Total
BI –XI	Statistics for Bioinformatics	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
BI –XII	Chemo Informatics and Drug Designing	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
BI – XIII	Systems Biology	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
*BI -XIV (Elective)	Object Oriented Programming	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
BI -XV	Seminar	25 Marks		Credit : 1
			<b>Total for Sem: III</b>	<b>Credit :17</b>

**M. Sc. Bioinformatics Second Year (Fourth Semester)**

Paper No.	Subject Title	External (ESE)	Internal (CA)	Total
BI –XVI	Biological Database Management	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
BI –XVII	Programming using Perl and Python	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
BI –XVIII	Genomics and Proteomics	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
*BI -XIX (Elective)	Structural Bioinformatics	75 Marks	25 Marks (2 Test:15 Marks + Assignments:10 Marks)	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
BI – XX	Seminar	25 Marks		Credit : 1

Lab Course Work (Annual Practical)	Lab Course Work -V	75 Marks	25 Marks	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
	Lab Course Work -VI	75 Marks	25 Marks	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
	Lab Course Work -VII	75 Marks	25 Marks	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
	Lab Course Project Work -VIII (Dissertation/ Elective Lab Course Work)	75 Marks	25 Marks	Credit :4 (100 Marks)
			<b>Total for Lab Course Work (Annual)</b>	<b>Credit :16</b>
			<b>Total for M.Sc. I Year: Sem. I + Sem. II + Lab Course Work (Annual)</b>	<b>Credit: 50</b>
			<b>Total for M.Sc. (I Year + II Year)</b>	<b>Credit:100</b>
			<b>Total for Sem: IV</b>	<b>Credit :17</b>

Note: \*Paper –IV (Elective): Transfer of Credit as per Students Choice

\*\*The Evaluation of Seminar Should be from panel of Experts.

CA- Continuous Assessment

ESE- End of Semester Examination

**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) III Semester****BI : XI Statistics for Bioinformatics****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I Introduction**

Definition of statistics, population Concept of Data – Discrete and continuous data, Representation of data – Tabulation, Graph, Chart Diagrams, What Are Events? Complements.

Entropy and Related Concepts: Information theory, Entropy Relative Entropy Scores and Support Inference

**Unit II Probability theory**

Probability, sample space mutually exclusive and exhaustive events. Probabilities of Events Conditional Probabilities Independence of Events, axiomatic definition of probability, addition theorem of probability, multiplication theorem of probability, conditional probability, byes theorem

**Unit III Measure of central tendency, dispersion**

Definition, formula, and computation for ungrouped and grouped data of Arithmetic Mean – Combine mean, weighted mean, GM, HM. Median, Mode .

Quartiles – Definition, formula, and computation for ungrouped and grouped data.

Range – Definition for ungrouped and grouped data. SD, MD, Mean deviation about (mean mode median), variance: real life examples. Correlation and regression.

**Unit IV Continuous and discrete distribution**

Probability Distributions – Discrete and Continuous

Discrete Probability Distributions – One Bernoulli trial, The Binomial, Distribution, The Hyper geometric Distribution, The Uniform Distribution, The Geometric Distribution, The Poisson distribution, Approximations Continuous Distributions – The Uniform Distribution, the Normal, Distribution, the Exponential Distribution, The Gamma Distribution, The Beta Distribution. Tests of statistics: z test, t test, f test, chi square test.

**Unit V Random variables:**

Continuous random, variables, discrete random variables, pdf, pmf, mgf, problem.

Design of experiment (ANOVA- One way, Two way)

Introduction to Matrices: addition, multiplication.

**Reference Books:**

1. Fundamentals of statistics- S.C. Gupta, V.K. Kapur- Himalaya
2. Statistics: concepts and applications by Frank, Harry & Althoen, S. C., Cambridge University Press,
3. Introduction to probability and statistics by Lipschutz, S. & Schiller, J. J., New York.
4. Statistical methods in bioinformatics: an introduction by Ewens, W. J. & Grant, G. Springer,
5. Handbook of computational statistics: concepts and methods by Gentle, Hardle,-Springer
6. Introduction of Mathematics for Life science- E. Batschelet - Springer
7. Discrete Mathematics- Semyour Lipschutz & Marc Lipson-McGraw Hill
8. Statistical Methods - Gupta-Himalaya
9. Biostatistics – P. Hanamanrao- Himalaya
10. Introduction to Biostatistics Dr. Pranabkumar Banerjee

**Practical (Lab Course Work –V)**

Experiments based on given syllabus by using data from biological experiments

**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) III Semester****BI : XII Chemo Informatics and Drug Designing****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I: Introduction**

Chemoinformatics definition, scope of chemoinformatics, history of chemoinformatics, why to use informatics methods in chemistry?

**Unit II: Representations of chemical compounds**

Introduction, Computer Representations of Chemical Structures: Graph Theoretic Representations, Linear Notations, Connection Tables, Canonical Representations of Molecular Structures. 2D structure databases, Reaction Databases, The Representation of Patents and Patent Databases. Representations of 3D molecular structures: Experimental 3D Databases, 3D Database Searching. Theoretical 3D Databases: Structure-Generation Programs,

**Unit III: Molecular Descriptors**

Introduction, Descriptors Calculated from the 2D Structure: Simple Counts, Physicochemical Properties, Molar Refractivity. Structure Searching: Substructure Searching, Screening Methods, Similarity searching, Conformational Search and Analysis: Systematic and Random Conformational Search.

**Unit IV: Drug and Drug-Targets**

Drug: definition, "Drug-Likeness" and Compound Filters, rule of five. Lead Compound: definition, natural and synthetic resources of lead compounds. Drug targets: Enzymes, receptors, carrier proteins, structural proteins, nucleic acids, etc.

**Unit V: Drug designing**

Combinatorial Synthesis and Combinatorial Library, QSAR, 3D Pharmacophores. Screening Methods: High-throughput screening, Virtual Screening. Protein-Ligand Docking. The Prediction of ADMET Properties, Toxicity Prediction.

**Reference Books:**

1. Handbook of Chemoinformatics, volume 1, by John Gastiger, Thomas Engel, WILEY-VCH
2. Guidebook on Molecular Modelling in Drug Designing-Ed. N Claude Cohen-Elsevier
3. An Introduction to Chemoinformatics, by Andrew R. Leach & Valerie j. Gillet, Springer
4. Instant Notes in Medicinal Chemistry, by G. Patrick, BIOS Scientific
5. Discovering Genomics, Proteomics, & bioinformatics- Campbell & Heyer-Pearson

**Practical (Lab Course Work –V)**

Experiments based on syllabus

**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) III Semester****BI : XIII Systems Biology****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I Enzymology**

Enzyme general characteristics, nomenclature and classification. Methods of isolation, purification and characterization of enzymes. Concept of enzyme assay, enzyme activity, coenzymes and isoenzymes. Enzyme kinetics: Michaelis - Menten Equation - form and derivation, steady state enzyme kinetics. Significance of  $V_{max}$  and  $K_m$ .

**Unit II Enzymology**

Enzyme inhibition - types of inhibitors - competitive, non-competitive and uncompetitive, their mode of action and experimental determination.

Immobilized Enzymes: Relative practical and economic advantage for industrial use,

Various methods of immobilization ionic bonding, adsorption, covalent bonding (based on R groups of amino acids), microencapsulation and gel entrapment.

**Unit III . Metabolic Pathways**

Photosynthesis - Light harvesting complexes; mechanisms of electron transport; photoprotective mechanisms;  $CO_2$  fixation-C<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>4</sub> and CAM pathways.

Respiration- Glycolysis, Citric acid cycle; mitochondrial electron transport and ATP synthesis; alternate oxidase; photorespiratory pathway.

Nitrogen metabolism - Nitrate and ammonium assimilation; amino acid biosynthesis, Nucleotide biosynthesis- de novo and salvage.

**Unit IV. More on Metabolic Pathways**

Databases: KEGG, PathDB, EcoCyc and MetaCyc, EMP, Malaria Parasite Metabolic Pathways Boehringer Mannheim - Biochemical Pathways.

LIGAND - Biochemical Compounds and Reactions. ENZYME – Enzymes; BRENDA - Comprehensive Enzyme Information System. Full Genome Annotation through knowledge of Metabolic Pathways

Organism Specific Metabolic Pathways. Comparison of Metabolic Pathways

**Unit V. Metabolic Pathway Engineering**

Mathematical modeling of metabolic pathways. Engineering of Metabolic Pathways

Representation of Metabolic Pathways. Generation and Dynamic Representation of Metabolic Pathways

Deriving Common Principles from the Metabolic Pathways Knowledge - E.g. deriving sets of enzymes specific for various reactions (e.g. oxidation), Alternative paths for synthesis of metabolites etc.

**Reference Books:**

1. Enzymes- Palmer & Bonner - Woodhead Publishing
2. Cohn and stumpf- Outline of Biochemistry- Wiley India
3. Gene Regulation and Metabolism-Ed. Collado Vides and Hofestad-
4. Fundamentals of Enzymology- Price and Stevens-Oxford
5. Fundamentals of Biochemistry- D., Voet, Voet, J.G. & Pratt, C. W. John Wiley & Sons.
6. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry - D. L. Nelson & M. M. Cox, W. H. Freeman & Co.
7. The Enzyme Reference- D. L. Purich & R. D. Allison- Academic Press.
8. Metabolic Engineering -G.N. Stephanopoulos, A. A. Aristidou & J. Nielsen Academic Press.
9. Gene regulation and metabolism: postgenomic computational approaches. Collado-Vides, J. & Hofestadt, R. Cambridge, The MIT Press.

**Practical (Lab Course Work –VI)**

Experiments based on syllabus

**BI : XIV**                      **M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) III Semester**  
**Object Oriented Programming**                      **Marks: 100**                      **Hours: 45**

**Unit I: An Introduction and overview of Java**

A Short History of Java, Features of Java, Comparison of Java and C++, Java Tools And Editors (Appletviewer, Jar, Jdb). Java Environment. Types of Comments, Built In Data Types, Variables and Constants(Final Keyword Related to variables), Operators, Memory Allocation Using new Operator., Output using println() method, Control Statements, Arrays, Simple Java Program.

**Unit II: Objects and Classes**

Defining Your Own Classes, methods and objects, using this keyword, constructors, types of constructors, constructor overloading, static variables and methods, access specifiers (private, protected and public), packages-creating, accessing and using packages, Garbage collection, finalize() method.

**Unit III: Inheritance and Interfaces**

Inheritance Basics and Types of Inheritance, use extends keyword, Super class, Subclass and use of Super Keyword, Method Overriding, Use of final keyword related to method and class, Use of Abstract class, Defining and Implementing Interfaces, interface variables and interface methods.

**Unit IV: Exception Handling, Strings, Streams and Files:**

Dealing Errors, types of exception, exceptions handling using try and catch, using throws keyword, uses finally block. String class and String Buffer Class, Stream classes, Byte Stream classes, Character Stream Classes, Using the File class, Creation of files, Reading/Writing characters and bytes, Handling primitive data types.

**Unit V: Applet Programming with Graphical User Interface**

Applet Life Cycle, Applet HTML Tags, Passing parameters to Applet, Repaint() method, User Interface Components with AWT in applet, Buttons and Labels, Checkboxes and Radio Buttons, Lists and Combo Boxes, Dialogs (Message, confirmation, input (like file selection)).

**Reference Books:**

1. Complete reference Java by Herbert Schildt(5<sup>th</sup> edition)
2. Java 2 programming black books, Steven Horlzner
3. Programming with Java , A primer ,Forth edition , By E. Balagurusamy
4. Java servlet Programming by Jason Hunter, O'Reilly
5. Core Java Volume-I-Fundamentals, Eighth Edition, Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell,

**Practical: (Lab Course Work –VI)**

Programs based on the syllabus

**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) IV Semester****BI : XVI****Biological Database Management****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I: Introduction**

Database designing, data capturing; Data Abstraction, Data Models, Instances & Schemes; Textual Databases; Introduction to Distributed Database Processing. Basic concepts and applications of Network Data Model, Hierarchical Data Model, Multimedia Databases E-R Model – E-R diagrams; Entity and entity sets; Relations and relationship sets; Reducing E-R Diagrams to tables. Basic concepts of – Indexing and Hashing; ISAM; B+ Tree indexed files; Static Hash functions; Dynamic Hash functions.

**Unit II ORACLE, SQL**

Oracle Architecture, Oracle objects - Tables, Views, Indexes, Sequences, Synonyms, Snapshots, Clusters. Database, Tablespace, Data files, Data Blocks, Extents, Segments, Rollback Segments; Oracle Background Processes, control file, Redo log file, Archive log file; Security, Users, Grants, Roles. Backup & Recovery (Archiving); Physical Storage & Logical Storage. User Defined Columns; PL/SQL Interface/ Triggers; Packaged Procedure; Calling Report from a Form. Menu - Default Menus; PL/SQL in Menu Modules, Menu Security. Select Statements, Data Definition Statements, Data Manipulation Statements, Data Control Statements.

**Unit III. More on SQL**

SQL commands used to create table, modify table structure, drop table, rename table. SQL commands used to change the data within the database – inserting of records in the tables, updation of all or specific set of records in tables, viewing the attributes of table's column. Querying data – Selecting the data from table using Arithmetic and logical Operators, Range searching and pattern matching, Function, group function, scalar function. Defining Constraints – Types: I/O constraints like Primary Key, Foreign key, Null and Unique constraints. Business constraints like check constraints. Levels: Table level constraints, column level constraints, creating and deletion of constraints using the Alter Table clause. Joining multiple tables, joining a table to itself. Security Management using SQL – Granting rights on user objects such as Tables, Views, and Sequences; Revoking rights on user objects such as Tables, Views, and Sequences.

**Unit IV. PL/SQL**

PL/SQL blocks; exception handling, triggers handling with cursors in PL/SQL blocks; Types of cursors: Implicit and Explicit cursors.

**Unit V. Introduction to Front-end application development**

Introduction to Front-end application development, working with code and forms, variables, procedures and controlling program executor, standard controls, data access. Establishing connection to various databases. Need of metadata standards & ontology.

**Reference Books:**

1. SQL, PL/SQL: the programming language of oracle by I. Bayross, BPB Publications.
2. DBMS by Bipin Desai-
3. Oracle SQL & PL/SQL Handbook: a guide for data administrators, developers, and business analysis by J. Palinski, Delhi, Pearson Education, 2003.
4. Database System Concepts by Hanery Korth and Abraham Silberschatz, TMH
5. An Introduction to Database Systems by C.J. Date, Addison-Wesley.
6. ORACLE: Power Objects Handbook by Bruce Kolste, David Peterson.

**Practical ((Lab Course Work –VII)**

Experiments based on syllabus

**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) IV Semester****BI : XVII****Programming using Perl and Python****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I: Introduction and art of Programming**

Introduction , computer program & programming language, Perl's benefits, portability, speed & program maintenance, Installing perl on your computer, how to run perl Program, text editor, finding help.

Individual approaches to programming, bio programming strategies, the programming process.

**Unit II : Sequence & Strings, Basic Operators**

General introductions to DNA & protein sequence, Standard IUB/IUPAC nucleic acid codes, Standard IUB/IUPAC amino acid codes, A program to store a DNA sequence, Concatenating DNA fragments.

Introduction to genetics code & codon table, translating codons to amino acids (using hashes), translating DNA into proteins, sequence file formats, FASTA format, Transcription:- DNA & RNA.

Scalar variables, Arithmetic operators, comparison operators, logical operators, assignment operators, auto increment & auto decrement operators, Concatenating & repeating string operators.

**Unit III: File Handling, Lists & Arrays, Pattern Matching**

Opening a file, reading a file, writing a file, closing a file, determining a status of a file. Introduction to lists, storing lists in array variables, more about lists & arrays, Array library function.

How pattern matching works, pattern matching operators, anchoring the patterns, patterns matching function, program to calculate the reverse complement.

**Unit IV : Control Flow & Looping Statements, Subroutines & Hashes**

If statements, If – else, while, until, single line conditional statement, the 'For' statement the 'for each' statement, the 'do' statement, the last, next, redo, continue statements.

Introduction & advantage of subroutines, writing subroutines, use of local variable & passing parameter to subroutines, returning a value from subroutines, passing data to subroutines, hashes & its creations from an array variables.

**Unit V: Introduction to Python and R programming**

Introduction to BioPerl. Brief introduction of Python; comparison with Perl

R Programming

**Reference Books:-**

- 1.) James Tisdall 2001 "Beginning Perl For Bioinformatics" O'reilly & Associates.
- 2.) R. Schwartz , Foy and Phoenix, "Learning Perl" –O'Reilly
- 3) Learning Perl- Larry Wall
- 4) Kernel Methods in Computational Biology-Ed. Scholkopt, Tsuda, Vert-
- 5) Bioinformatics Technologies- Yi Ping Chen-Springer
- 6) Mastering Perl for Bioinformatics-James D. Tisdall- Oreally
- 7) Algorithms in Bioinformatics-Ed. Gary Benson, Roderic Page- Springer
- 8) Building Bioinformatics Solutions –Cornod Bessant, I Shadforth, Oakley-oxford

**Practical ((Lab Course Work –VII)**

Experiments based on syllabus

**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) IV Semester****BI : XVIII****Genomics and Proteomics****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I Methods in Genomics**

Chemical synthesis and Sequencing of DNA. Polymerase chain reaction and its applications

Introduction sequencing strategies for whole genome analysis, sequence data analysis.

Gene function by sequence comparison Global expression profiling : whole genome analysis of mRNA and protein expression, microarray analysis, types of microarrays and their applications

**Unit II Methods in Proteomics**

Methods of protein sequencing: Edman degradation, Tryptic and/or Chymotryptic Peptide Mapping.

Chemical and Physical Considerations in Protein and Peptide Stability,

Different methods for protein engineering, Site-directed mutagenesis, gene shuffling, and direct evolution. .

Isolation and purification of proteins, Stability and activity based approaches of protein engineering.

**Unit III. Genome Alignments and Comparative Genomics**

BLAST2, MUMmer PipMaker VISTA. Comparison of Gene Order- GeneOrder

Viruses, Microbes, Pathogens Eukaryotes.

COG, VirGen, CORG, HOBACGEN, Homophila, XREFdb, Gramene, Single Nucleotide Polymorphism, dbSNP and other SNP-related databases

**Unit IV Protein-Protein Interaction Networks, databases and software**

DIP (Database of Interacting Proteins), PPI Server, BIND - Biomolecular Interaction Network Database

PIM –Hybrigenics, PathCalling Yeast Interaction Database, MINT - a Molecular Interactions Database\

GRID - The General Repository for Interaction Datasets, InterPreTS - protein interaction prediction through tertiary structure

**Unit V Genomics & Proteomics**

Mapping of protein interactions: Two hybrid, phage display etc. Experimental Techniques: 2 D PAGE, Mass spectrometry, Bioinformatics Approaches.

Concept of Functional genomics, Toxicogenomics, Pharmacogenomics, Metagenomics

**Reference Books:**

1. Principles of Genome analysis and Genomics-Primrose and Twyman-Blackwell Publishing
2. Principles of Proteomics-R.M Twyman-BIOS advanced text
3. Functional Genomics-Stephen Hunt, Livesey- Oxford
4. Genetic Programming-W. Banzhaf, Nordin, Keller, Francone- Elsevier
5. Protein Science-Arthur M. Lesk- Oxford
6. Comparative Genomics-Nicholas H Bergman-Humana Press
7. Bioinformatics of Genome Regulations and StructureEd. Nikolay Kolchanov- Ralf Hofestaedt-Springer
8. Bioinformatics: sequence and genome analysis by David Mount, cold springer harbour press.
9. Introduction to proteomics: tools for the new biology by Liebler, D.C. & Yates, J.R.III, Humana Press
10. Proteomics: from protein sequence to function by Pennington, S. R. & Dunn, M. J.: Viva Books

**Practical ((Lab Course Work –VII)**

Experiments based on syllabus



**M.Sc. Bioinformatics (Semester Pattern) IV Semester****BI : XIX****Structural Bioinformatics****Marks: 100****Hours: 45****Unit I Macromolecular Structure**

Protein - Primary, Secondary, Super secondary, Tertiary and Quaternary structure

Nucleic acid – DNA and RNA, Carbohydrates, 3D Viral structures

Principles of protein folding and methods to study protein folding. Structure of Ribosome

Macromolecular interactions –Protein – Protein, Protein – Nucleic acids, Protein - carbohydrates

**Unit II. Macromolecular x-ray crystallography**

Principles of crystallography, Methods to study 3D structure. Co-ordinate systems

Fitting and refinement; Validation Analysis of 3D structures, Mass spectrometry and computational approaches in structural biology

**Unit III Molecular modeling**

An Overview. Introduction and challenges

Molecular modelling methods – Conformational searching, Potential energy maps, Ramachandran maps, Ab-initio methods, Semi-empirical methods Empirical methods.

**Unit IV. Conformational analysis**

Introduction and Methods – Molecular fitting. Conformations: global vs. local

Force fields: expressions for stretch, bond, torsion, etc.

Energy Minimization – Non-derivative and derivative methods. Free energy calculations

Global optimization (simulated annealing, Tabu search, genetic algorithms)

Applications of energy minimization

**Unit V. Methods for 3D structure prediction**

Knowledge based &amp; Fold recognition Advance techniques in Prediction of 3D Structure –

Hidden Markov Model, Neural networks, Rossetta Stone, Genetic algorithms. Designing of molecules like drug, inhibitors using – Structure based &amp; ligand based docking methods. Different Scoring schemes

**Reference Books:**

1. Principles of protein X-ray Crystallography by Jan Drenth, Springer-Verlag.
2. Computational Molecular Biology-Pavel A. Pevzner-PHI
3. DNA Protein Interactions-Andrew Travers and Malcolm Buckle- Oxford
4. Handbook of Hidden Markov models in Bioinformatics-Martin Gollery- CRC Press
5. Microarrays for an Integrative Genomics-I.S. Kohane, Kho, Butte-
6. Structural Bioinformatics - Methods of biochemical Analysis Philip E. Bourne (Ed), H. Weissig Wiley-Liss,
7. Introduction to Protein Structure by Branden, Carl & Tooze, John, Garland Publishing.
8. Molecular Modeling: Principles and Applications by Andrew Leach, Prentice Hall.
9. Prediction of protein structure and the principles of protein conformation by Fasman, G.D. Plenum Press
10. Protein Bioinformatics-Eidhammer, Jonassen, Taylor-Wiley

**Practical ((Lab Course Work –VII)**

Experiments based on syllabus

**Lab Course Project Work-VIII**  
**(Dissertation/ Elective Lab Course Work)**

**Guidelines for Dissertation work**

1. The dissertation will be allotted during III semester
2. Students will design experiment of dissertation under guidance of supervisor
3. Selection of topic relevant to priority to areas of biotechnology
4. Collection of literature from various sources
5. Planning of research experiments
6. Performing the experiments with scientific and statistical analysis
7. Writing and compilation of dissertation report
8. Presentation of experimental data in schedule of practical examination
9. Dissertation to be carried out individually by each student